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Choice of Routes and
Choice of Trains

"SHASTA ROUTE"—Oregon Express.

"OGDEN ROUTE"—New Overland Limited.

"SUNSET ROUTE"—Sunset Limited. Down California Coast. Crescent City Express via San Joaquin Valley.

THE DIRECT ROUTE IS THE OGDEN.

The SHASTA will show you Northern California and Western Oregon.

The SUNSET, Central and Southern California, Arizona, Texas, Louisiana.

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Information Bureau

613 Market St., San Francisco.

PROMOTION COMMITTEE
NOW HAS COAST AGENT

Frank M. Jenifer, who for the past year has been one of the two traveling passenger agents of the steamship and railway lines between Australia and American and European points, has been engaged as Pacific Coast agent of the Hawaii Promotion Committee, with offices in San Francisco. Mr. Jenifer has alternated in coming to Honolulu in the Alameda, to return to San Francisco in the Australian liner next following. He has been over the islands extensively during these several trips, and is therefore able to combine an accurate knowledge of Hawaii with personal acquaintance among the railway men of the Pacific Coast. Mr. Jenifer has been in the passenger business for many years, having been in the service of the Santa Fe Railway Co. before he went to the Oceanic Steamship Co., which was the moving factor in the formation of the A. & A. through line.

General Passenger Agent Crockett, of the Oceanic Co., has been working in hearty sympathy with the Hawaii

Promotion Committee, since its formation, and upon the request reaching him by the Ventura to release Mr. Jenifer for work with the local interests, gave immediate consent. Cable information yesterday told Chairman Smith of the commencement of work by the new official of the Promotion Committee.

The committee has secured the services of L. L. Whitlock, who conducts in Los Angeles the Travel and Hotel Bureau, a newly established concern having the support of the principal railroad lines and southern California hotels, and work in that district is therefore being pressed vigorously. Miss Whitlock has had eight years' experience in Southern California tourist work, and has already undertaken the organization of special conducted parties to come to Hawaii. Should this plan prove a success, it is the intention that Mrs. Walker, formerly of the Melrose of this city, will be engaged as guide and chaperone. The Promotion Committee is already securing all possible data as to routes and expenses, for the purpose of furthering the organization of these personally conducted tours.

OAHU JURY LIST
FOR NEXT YEAR

Charles J. McCarthy and J. M. Riggs, jury commissioners under the new law, have submitted to First Judge De Bolt a list of 250 citizens to serve as jurors in the First Judicial Circuit for the year 1904. It is as follows, in alphabetical order:

Chas. M. Abbott, L. C. Ables, Joe Aea, Wm. Ahlert, Sam K. Aki, Jos. Andrade, Jessin Andrade, John Andrews, Thomas Andrews, A. B. Arleigh, Harry Armitage, Frank Armstrong, James Armstrong, Henry A. Asch, Robt. W. Atkinson, W. O. Atwater, Harry Z. Austin, Herbert C. Austin, J. C. Axtell.

Winifred H. Babbitt, John A. Baker, Robert Bal, Andrew T. Bannister, Albert Barnes, Frank Barwick, E. R. Bath, Chas. H. Beal, Chas. H. Bellina, Edwin Benner, H. P. Benson, Jas. W. Bergstrom, Emil A. Berndt, Q. H. Berry, James Blacknell, Henry Birkmyre, E. R. Bivens, Frank E. Blake, H. C. Brown, Edward C. Brown, James Brown, I. Bray, Willard E. Brown, Wentworth M. Buchanan, J. J. Byrne.

Albert N. Campbell, W. Matlock Campbell, Harry Carl, E. C. Carrera, M. J. Carroll, H. C. Carter, J. O. Carter, Jr., Bruce Cartwright, Jas. Carty, Frank Carvalho, Elam P. Chapin, Geo. Childs, Ernest B. Clarke, Jos. F. Clyne, John Coffee, J. C. Cohen, Chas. R. Collins, R. J. Condon, C. C. Conradt, Henry Cooke, Joseph P. Cooke, John H. Crigg, Chas. S. Crane, E. H. Clapp, E. S. Cunha.

D. F. Davis, R. W. Davis, H. P. Davison, C. J. Day, Edw. Dekum, M. R. De Sa, Geo. L. Desha, Jr., Joseph J. Dias, B. F. Dillingham, Geo. Dillingham, F. L. Dortch, Jas. D. Dougherty, Alex. C. Dowsett, J. M. Dowsett, Pierce A. Drew, E. G. Dulsenberg, Wm. Dunbar, Archibald A. Dunn, Allan Dunn, Frank J. Dutra, H. P. Dwyer.

Chas. C. Eakin, E. O. K. East, John Edwards, John J. Egan, Samuel Ehrlich, Wm. F. Erying.

C. J. Fulk, Henry Fern, C. J. Fishel, T. J. Fitzpatrick, W. L. Fletcher, Chas. R. Frazier.

J. R. Galt, Henry Gehring, David Goldstein, B. S. Gregory, A. R. Gurrey, Jr.

D. G. Haase, J. P. Halola, David Halemanu, Edwin Harbottle, P. Ralph Helm, Henry Hickory, Southard Hoffman, Jr., James Houghtaling, Chas. Hummel, F. Hustace, John Isaac.

William F. Joche, J. A. M. Johnson, John A. Johnson, Arthur Johnstone, Hiram Kaaha, Ernest Kaai, George Kahana, John Kahue, Joseph Kala, George K. Kall, George Kalalua, William K. Kalehula, Samuel Kalohi, Sam M. Kamakau, Jeremiah K. Kanehili, James Kanohi, Kala Kanohiani, Henry P. Kaoni, Douglas Kaona, Richard Kapuni, Starr Kapu, Charles Kapule, Kapihi Kauhane, Philip Kamae, Amos L. Kaumal, Samuel Kawalea, William Keaba, V. Kealoha,

TERRY WILL BE
JUNIOR ADMIRAL

When Admiral Evans arrives from Yokohama with his fleet Admiral Terry will have to fly the flag of a Junior Admiral. Evans ranks just one number ahead of Terry.

The career of the two men has been somewhat similar. Terry entered the service in 1858 and was advanced five numbers for conspicuous conduct on the Red River Expedition. Evans became an officer in 1880 and was advanced for bravery at Fort Fisher. Ordinarily Terry would have been Evans' senior but for the fact that "Fighting Bob" stole a march on him during the Spanish war. Evans was advanced several numbers for services at Santiago and is thus placed one number ahead of Admiral Terry. Consequently Evans will be the senior admiral when the fleet comes to Honolulu.

George Kealohapua, Robert Kekipi, Joseph Kekupaa, Thomas Kekeloma, A. M. Keoho, David Keohobau, John Kildwell, Obed Kikala, Lewis C. King, Will C. King, William Koho, Daniel Kohoalii, Alex. Kua.

H. W. Lake, Jacob Lando, John C. Lane, P. M. Lansdale, Joseph A. Lawe, John Leal, Percy Lishman, Edgar L. Lewis, Albert Lucas, C. J. Ludwigsen, Alex. Lyle, A. C. Lovekin, Albert J. Lyon.

H. R. Macfarlane, Jr., Sam K. Mahoe, George Makalena, Louis Marks, G. D. Mahone, Emmett May, John A. McDaniels, Albert H. McChesney, Geo. B. McClellan, James W. L. McGuire, William H. McInerney, F. P. McIntyre, S. H. Meekap, J. C. Mendonca, Charles F. Merrill, Manuel Miranda, John R. Moniz, William Mutch.

Naholua, Levi K. Nakes, John H. Naone, Henry Napua, Job Naukana, Andreas Nelson, Samuel Nowlein, Joseph K. Neola, Frank E. Nichols, Solomon K. Nihoa, James Nott, Jr., Edmund Norrie.

Edward P. O'Brien, Charles P. Osborne, Guy Owens.

William Pa, John Paaluhl, David Palikapu, H. A. Parmelee, Samuel K. Paulo, W. C. Peacock, E. Wells Peterson, Sam E. Pierce, Thomas Poole, William Prestige, Henry Puhl.

J. C. Quinn.

Archibald S. Robertson, Arthur W. Rice, S. W. Rose, Henry P. Roth, Patrick Ryan.

J. H. Schnack, R. L. Scott, Abraham L. Shaw, Jonathan Shaw, J. F. Soper, Arthur L. Soule, S. William Spencer, N. H. Spitzer, Edwin J. Stone, Steyn, J. D. Tucker, Albert Trask, Fred Turrell.

Benjamin F. Vickers.

E. J. Walker, Oliver H. Walker, L. de L. Ward, Harry E. Webster, J. M. Webb, Walter C. Weedon, Harry A. Wilder, W. C. Wilder, E. H. Wodehouse, Norman Watkins, R. H. Worrell.

Archibald A. Young.

HOW THE HOUSE SPENT
ANOTHER SEVEN THOUSANDGrand Jury Did Not Find all the Graft in the
Legislature—Printing of the Journal Will
Cost Ten Thousand Dollars.

The money which the legislative grafters received as shown by the report of the United States grand jury was not all that they got out of the taxpayers for the session of 1903. The total expenditures of the House for the two sessions as shown by the grand jury investigation was \$52,684. Altogether the House had at its disposal for expenses \$80,000—\$40,000 for the regular session, \$13,000 for expenses of the extra session and an addition of \$7,000 for printing and translating the House Journal. The last \$7,000, however, was paid out through the audit office and the vouchers were all in approved form before the warrants on them were issued by Auditor J. H. Fisher. But the House of course dictated where the money should be paid and the greater part of it went into the rapacious maws of the same grafters whose actions were exposed by the Federal grand jury. And what is even worse the little job of printing and translating the House Journal for which \$7,000 was appropriated is not all paid for, and the next Legislature will have to make good a shortage of at least several thousands. And all for printing and translating the House Journal which in itself seemed to be an independent form of graft outside the regular legislative expenditures. It cost the Senate considerably less than half of \$7,000 for having its Journal printed and the work was finished weeks before the House Journal was delivered.

The \$7,000 appropriation bill which was passed for paying the expenses of printing and translating the House Journal was spent as follows, according to the records of the audit office: W. J. Coelho, translating 350 folios House Journal \$175 00 Enoch Johnson, translating 350 folios of House Journal 175 00 M. K. Nakulua, translating 450 folios of House Journal 225 00 John H. Wise, translating 350 folios of House Journal 175 00 Haw'n Gazette Co., binding five volumes full sheep 22 00 Paradise of Pacific, 300 Hawaiian copies of House Journal at \$2.10 per page 2133 60 Bulletin Publishing Co., 300 English Journals, 1250 pages of small type at \$2.10 per page, 84 pages of brevier at \$2.57, 2 cuts at \$7.50 each 2855 88 G. P. Thielein, typewriting, etc. 598 50 There still remains in the fund \$36.52.

The amounts which the auditor allowed were not the amounts claimed by the translators. They each put in a bill for more than double the amount they received and intend to put in a claim before the next Legislature to make up the amount they say they are entitled to.

For instance Enoch Johnson, W. J. Coelho and John H. Wise who were shown to have benefited to a considerable amount at the regular extra session each claimed pay for 770 folios of translation at fifty cents a folio. Each of them put in a claim for \$375. They received \$175 each. Auditor Fisher told them that it was a case of getting that much or nothing, as the appropriation wasn't sufficient to pay all the claims. M. K. Nakulua put in a claim for \$445 for translating 990 folios and was given instead pay for 450 folios or \$225.

But the \$7,000 was not sufficient for doing all the work of printing and translating even with the reductions made by the Auditor. The translating of the House Journal, which by the way was also translated in the minutes ever day for the Hawaiian members during the session, cost \$750. This is for the regular session alone, besides which Nakulua, Coelho, Johnson and Wise have additional claims aggregating \$870 for the same little piece of work. The Journal for the extra session is not included in the bills for translating. Neither is the printing of the extra session Hawaiian Journal paid for. The copy for the English edition of the Journal was held up in order that the fund might not be exhausted before the Bulletin Publishing Co. drew down its little prize package of nearly \$3,000. Consequently the Paradise of the Pacific which is printing the Hawaiian version of the extra session has not been able to complete its work, as the native translators stopped working when they

JUDGE DOLE THANKS THE
MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION

The following letter was sent by Judge Dole to the Merchants' Association in response to the resolutions adopted by that body upon his appointment as United States Judge:

Honolulu, 24 Nov., 1903.

Mr. P. R. Helm, Secretary of the Merchants' Association.

Sir: Your letter of November 18th, enclosing a resolution of the Merchants' Association of Honolulu expressing its appreciation of my past official services and its gratification in my appointment to the "high judicial position of United States Judge for the Territory of Hawaii" has been received.

Please convey to the Merchants' Association my sincere thanks for the generous sentiments expressed in its resolution, which I appreciate more deeply than I can express in words.

found that the money had run out. A part of the Journal is in type but cannot be finished until the translation is completed. Still this however has finally been promised.

The chances are however that the Journal of the House will cost the Territory somewhere in the neighborhood of \$10,000 before it is finished. The House is paying \$2.10 per page for the printing alone. The Senate had its work done for \$1.36 and \$1.38 per page. The Senate advertised for bids as is required by the Territorial law in contracts exceeding \$500 in amount. Solomon Meheula awarded the contract for the House at \$2.10 per page without even asking for bids. In fact Solomon made and signed a contract with the Bulletin Publishing Co. at that figure either before the House authorized it, or at least so soon afterwards that the contract must have been drawn up in anticipation of it.

This is the agreement executed between the Bulletin and Meheula on April 28th, the last day of the session, for the Journals of both sessions, before it was known definitely that Governor Dole would call an extra session.

This agreement, made and entered this 28th day of April, 1903, by and between Solomon Meheula, clerk of the House of Representatives of the Legislature of Hawaii, Session of 1903, for and on behalf of said House of Representatives, and the Bulletin Publishing Co., Ltd., of Honolulu, T. H., witnesses: That the said Bulletin Publishing Co., Ltd., hereby undertakes and agrees to print, bind and deliver in first class workmanlike manner 275 copies of the Journal of Proceedings of said House of Representatives for the regular and extra session of the Legislature of 1903, to be bound in red cloth, and 75 copies of said Journal to be bound in Law Sheep, the styles of composition, make up, binding, etc., to be the same as the House Journal of 1901, the foregoing to be printed in the English language on 44 pound A grade book paper and in small pic type; also the Journal of the extra session of which the same number of copies are to be printed and bound as above but in the Hawaiian language and in a separate volume, and that the said Solomon Meheula, clerk of the House of Representatives aforesaid, and for and on behalf of said House hereby undertakes and agrees to pay for said Journals, printed, bound and delivered as per above agreement at the rate of Two (\$2.10) Dollars and Ten Cents per page.

In witness whereof the parties to these presents have hereunto set their hands the day and year first above written, and a like instrument of even date.

SOLOMON MEHEULA,
Clerk House of Representatives.
BULLETIN PUBLISHING CO., LTD.,
By C. G. Bokkus,
Business Manager.

The contract was required to be filed in the audit office before a warrant could be issued for the payment of the little bill of \$285.58 which makes the total the Bulletin received from the legislature \$6,103.13.

The resolution offered by Rep. Chillingworth on the closing night of the session, providing also for the printing of the vouchers with the Journal was unceremoniously killed by the Kunaia Republicans. A second resolution limiting the expenditure for the Journal to \$1500 was treated in a like manner, and then just before midnight Kunaia's resolution which placed no limit on the expenditure for printing and translating the House Journal passed. And there seems to have been no limit to the expenditure. The House resolution treated only with the regular session. But Meheula signed a contract with the Bulletin for the Journal of both sessions on the same day that the resolution was introduced by Kunaia.

Unfinished.—When the new puppies were discovered to be blind Teddy was very unhappy. His auntie assured him that God would open their eyes in due time. When bedtime came Teddy was heard adding a petition to his prayers: "Dear God, do please hurry up and finish those puppies!"—September Lippincott's Magazine.

MRS. KNUBBE WAS
NOT COMPLAINANT

Mrs. Caroline Frieda Knubbe makes sensational allegations in regard to the divorce suit filed by her against Louis Knubbe last week. She claims that her father forced her to sign the complaint in Attorney Vivas' office and alleges that the statements contained in the libel are false.

Mrs. Knubbe came to the Advertiser office to deny the allegations in the divorce suit, purporting to be signed by herself in which her husband is charged with assaulting her on their marriage day. She claims that it was her father who wanted the divorce that she might marry a sailor named Fred Johansen. The father's name is F. Schieffer. He is employed as watchman in the Fertilizer works in Iwilei. The husband of the girl is a fireman on the Mikahala.

"The whole thing is not true," said Mrs. Knubbe yesterday. "I did not intend to sign the paper at all, but my father and Mr. Vivas made me. My father went with me to the lawyer and tried to make me swear false. He wanted me to marry a sailor named Fred Johansen, but I didn't want to. My father has got some kind of hate against my husband. We ran away to get married. My father gave his consent twice though, and afterwards he never liked my husband because he got drunk once."

"The lawyer read over one paper to me and my father made me sign it. He told me the paper was for divorce and I told him I didn't want to sign it. These things in it are not true, my husband has not been cruel to me in any way. Three weeks ago my mother took me away from our boarding house. She told me things about my husband which I found weren't so, and then took me home. I didn't want a divorce and never knew about the papers until I read it in the paper. I didn't know what I had signed. They could make me sign anything. My father paid Mr. Vivas for getting the divorce \$46.00 and Monday I went down and paid Mr. Vivas ten dollars to stop it. He said he would withdraw it."

Mrs. Knubbe says she is eighteen years old. She will be nineteen in March. She is a rather attractive young woman.

THE ATTORNEY'S STATEMENT.
The attorney for the plaintiff called at the Advertiser office last night and, complaining of a one-sided story having appeared in another paper, made the following statement:

"The facts are as follows: The lady came to my office with her father and laid before me a statement of the most brutal treatment she had received from her husband. The papers were ready within three days and the lady, accompanied by her sister, came and read the papers and signed them. She would not allow her sister to read the papers, but read them for herself and signed them in presence of a notary public and of her sister."

"Three days after the papers were filed she called at my office and asked me to discontinue the case, signing the request on the form I always use in such circumstances. Part of the money promised in that paper has been paid and part is still owing."

"The attorney in this case is prepared to verify this statement under oath."

CHE FA PLAYERS
COME TO GRIEF

Two Chinese che fa players came to grief in the police court yesterday morning, being fined \$25 each. The method of prosecution as outlined in yesterday's Advertiser was followed by Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth.

The cases were heard during the morning and afternoon sessions of the court. The lottery was shown not to have come to the stage where the winning name was given out at the rendezvous appointed. William Crawford, who was put on the stand by the defense, admitted that he was a che fa expert, and the case of the defense almost fell through at that point.

Mr. Cathcart asked that the defendants be adjudged not guilty on the ground that there was no evidence of che fa having been played, whereupon Mr. Chillingworth sprung a surprise in a threat to arrest the men for gross purchase of tickets, and having nothing whatever to indicate that the purchasers would be remunerated in any way.

It was brought out by the prosecution that marked money had been given the che fa ticket sellers, and this was found on the defendants when arrested. Six other Chinese, arrested at the rendezvous where the winning name was to have been given out, were discharged.

The police department is waging an active warfare against che fa, and they have information to the effect that a determined effort will be made to establish the banks.

SUICIDE IN THE
POLICE STATION

Saga, a Japanese woman brought from Kauai on a charge of insanity, committed suicide in a cell in the police station yesterday morning. The woman fastened a cord around her neck and choked herself to death. The jury empaneled to investigate the case returned the following verdict:

"That the said Saga, a Japanese female, came to her death from strangulation, to wit: by hanging herself in a cell at the police station in Honolulu, said Saga being at such time and place there detained for the purpose of commitment to the insane asylum."

"We further find that no blame can be attached to the turnkey or other officials of the police department."

A Bad Skin

Prick your skin with a needle. You will see it is full of blood, full all the time. But what kind of blood? Rich and pure? Or thin and impure? Pure blood makes the skin clear, smooth, healthy. Impure blood covers the skin with pimples, sores, boils, eczema, eruptions, tetter, salt-rheum.



Mr. Frank Hewett, of Kalgootie, W. A., sends his photograph and tells what cured him. "When a boy my skin broke out in bad sores about my hands. After trying a great many remedies in vain, I took Ayer's Sarsaparilla and was quickly cured. Recently I was troubled again with severe boils, but one bottle of the same old remedy completely cured me. It's the greatest blood-purifying medicine in the world."

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla

There are many imitations "Sarsaparillas." Be sure you get Ayer's. Aid the Sarsaparilla by keeping your bowels in good condition with Ayer's Pills. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HARBOR DREDGING.

Dredging Honolulu harbor is a duty for the United States government to meet whenever Congress, in framing a River and Harbor bill, shall supply the means. If the interests of the City and Territory were of a kind to lend themselves to delay the Advertiser would certainly oppose the output of a single Territorial dollar upon Federal public works in any form. But unfortunately for us the leaders in Congress have declared that there is to be no River and Harbor bill this year and in the meantime steamers will come to the port, bidding for our business, which will draw more water than the harbor affords. Such vessels are expected early in 1904. If it is given out that modern liners cannot enter here, damage will be done to the present trade and the commercial reputation of the port. We simply cannot afford to have such a fact demonstrated. For our local benefit we must provide against it by dredging the harbor at our own expense, depending on the sense of justice in Congress for future reimbursement. Indeed we can better afford to pay the bill ourselves without a chance of getting the money back than to compel the steamers that want to do business with us to anchor outside, assuming that, under such circumstances, they would come this way at all. To hold its ocean trade is the paramount commercial duty of Hawaii. This is important enough to even justify the abolition of all port charges, making Honolulu a free entrepot of commerce in all save the collection of duties by the Federal authority.

The lowest bids for dredging are reasonable and work ought to proceed out of the first funds obtainable from the million dollar loan.

Mr. A. L. C. Atkinson will make a competent Secretary of the Territory, his appointment rounding out a young men's administration. He has worked hard and well for the success of the Republican party and will do as much for the success of good government.

Oahu county has somewhat more prudence than to exchange future control of its local affairs for the careless oversight of Congress, assuming that Congress would take the job.

That eminent Hawaiian statesman who didn't want the vouchers produced because they "would blacken the native character" seems to have known what he was about.

LABOR BUREAU
FOR THE MILITIA

Honolulu, T. H., Dec 1st, 1903.

Editor Advertiser: Commencing with this date there has been opened a Labor Bureau for securing employment for members of the First Regiment, National Guard of Hawaii, and promptly furnishing to employers of labor such help as they may require.

A Register has been opened and a complete record will be kept of all the men needing employment, and information may be had from such bureau between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Among those now out of employment are laborers, carpenters, painters, drivers, electricians, machinists, clerks, etc.

There will be no fee of charge to either employers or men, and it is hoped that you will thus assist in maintaining the Regiment by giving employment to the members thereof when in need of such assistance.

Correspondence addressed to "Labor Bureau, Headquarters First Regiment, N. G. H., will receive prompt attention. Tel. Main 353.

Very respectfully,
WALTER C. WEEDON,
Secretary Regimental Labor Bureau.